# Cardiff Union Services Ltd Gwasanaethau Undeb Caerdydd Cyf

**REGISTERED NUMBER: 02287517** 

# DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019



(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** Daniel Palmer

Fadhila Ali Mohammed Al Dhahouri (resigned 30 June 2019)

Amr Mustafa Alwishah (resigned 30 June 2019)

Denise Rich (resigned 3 October 2019)
Jake Robert Smith (resigned 30 June 2019)

Megan Perkins (appointed 13 September 2018, resigned 30 June 2019)

Nicholas Fox (appointed 1 July 2019) Jayne Sadgrove (appointed 27 June 2019) Ryan Singh (appointed 1 July 2019) Orla Tarn (appointed 1 July 2019) Jackie Yip (appointed 1 July 2019)

Registered number 02287517

Registered office Cardiff Students Union

Park Place Cardiff

South Glamorgan

CF10 3QN

Independent auditor Mazars LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

90 Victoria Street

Bristol BS1 6DP

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## STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

#### Introduction

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 July 2019.

The principal activity of the Company is to promote the social and educational welfare of the students of Cardiff University by providing services and facilities to them. These services and facilities are provided to directly or indirectly improve their conditions of life by enabling them to participate in intellectual, social, recreational, travel and other activities connected with Cardiff University and Cardiff University Students' Union. The Company also provides any other services or facilities that Cardiff University students need by reason of them being students and extends those uses to students connected with other students' unions as the Company sees fit.

The Company manages a purpose-built University Union building in Cardiff City Centre and plays a valuable and widely recognised role in supporting the student experience at Cardiff University.

#### **Business review**

The Company increased its turnover and gross profit during the year but made an operating loss of £-1,130,570 (2018: £323,781 operating profit) following a significant reduction in other income (grant income). The reduction corrects overpayments made since the Union's companies were consolidated in 2015. The loss also includes annual depreciation charges of £690,799, of which £602,219 is attributable to the depreciation of the Union building.

The Company's turnover increased to £4,516,928 (2018: £4,500,911) during the year resulting in an improved gross profit of £2,380,850 (2018: £2,232,892). Administrative expenses increased to £3,901,420 (2018: £3,592,111) in the year. The Company's overall performance is in line with the Directors expectations which recognises that accounting profits are unlikely to be achieved in future years due to the impact of pension accounting costs and the depreciation of the Union building. However, the Directors are hoping to extend the length of the lease of the University Union building, leading to reduced depreciation charges for the asset. Irrespective of this, the Directors are satisfied that cash profits will be generated to support the Parent Charity's charitable objectives. The Company's business growth continues a significant turnaround from the years leading up to 2015/16 and the Directors are confident that its future plans will ensure further business growth and profitability in the foreseeable years to come.

During 2018/19 the Company's activities remained broadly similar to 2017/18, but with a notable improvement in Lettings Agency, Rental and Retail income. The Company's night time entertainments suffered some disruption due to building works adjacent to the Union building and further disruption is expected for at least the next two years. The Company has negotiated business interruption protection from Cardiff University during and shortly after the construction period and will exercise its right to reclaim losses incurred as necessary.

After an excellent year in 2017/18 the Directors set targets aimed at protecting its income whilst the external physical environment was challenging. This included investing in Lettings, Retail, Advertising Sales and other activities not directly affected by physical environment challenges. The Company also saw further growth in Rental income with the Company's leasehold spaces being 100% occupied during the year. This Company will continue to seek ways to grow and diversify its income during the next two years of disruption and then take advantage of the Union building's improvements in future years.

The Directors have identified the strengthening of the Company's balance sheet as a priority in future years. This follows a period of erosion caused by the recognition of future pension liabilities and the impact of deprecation of the Union building. It is hoped that this will be improved during 2019/20 by obtaining a building lease extension and growing turnover and other income. The Company fell into net current liabilities of £512,544 (2018 net current assets: £466,732) at year end and Directors have identified that the Company's cash reserves position should be strengthened. The Directors have set the following targets to achieve this:

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## STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

- To meet the long-term financial plans for the Company and the Cardiff University Students' Union Group to achieve Group free reserves of £1. 3M by 2023;
- To achieve an operating profit and overall cash surplus of £100K in 2019/20; and
- To secure funding and achieve the redevelopment of the Great Hall and first floor space to maximise commercial income opportunities.

The Company has recognised its defined benefit pension scheme liabilities. The Company's deficit contributions to the pension scheme are due to run until 2033, but the Directors are confident that the Company can meet its liabilities as they fall due. The treatment of pensions within the accounts has a dramatic impact on the Company's overall position and the shareholders' funds.

Since 2016 the Company has also recognised the lease value of the Union building and will depreciate the asset over the life of the existing lease, until 2038. The charge in 2018/19 was £602,219 (2018: £602,218). The Directors are satisfied that the valuation gives a fair reflection of the Company's exploitable assets and potential for further business growth. The Company reserves the right to extend its current lease on the same terms at the point of expiry and is seeking an extension to 2088 with the freehold owner, Cardiff University.

The application of the Union building depreciation and future pension scheme liabilities disproportionately impacts the Company's financial statements and the Directors recognise that it is unlikely that the Company will make accounting profits whilst both items have their current status. However, this does not prevent the Company from producing trading profits and these will be generated to further the aims of the Company and its parent Charity.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The Directors examine the major strategic, business and operational risks faced by the Company and as a part of the Students' Union Group. The Company maintains a risk register that is updated at least annually. Where appropriate, systems or procedures have been established to mitigate the risks faced by the Company. These procedures are periodically reviewed to ensure that they continue to meet the Company's needs.

Budgetary and internal control risks are minimised by expenditure limits set by the Board of Directors. In addition, stringent procedures are in place to ensure the health and safety of staff, volunteers and participants on all activities organised by the Company. All other types of risk have specific mitigation activities that are delegated to senior managers.

The terms on which the United Kingdom may withdraw from the European Union are not clear and various scenarios, including a no-deal exit, an extended period of negotiations or the revoking of Article 50 remain possible at this time. The Trustees do not consider there to being any specific risks to the Union in the short term other than those that will affect the wider UK business environment as the Group does not directly trade with the EU. However, there may be significant impacts in the medium to long term which will be evaluated once any Brexit outcome is known.

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# STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

# Financial and non-financial key performance indicators

The Company's business plans are reviewed periodically by the Directors and are established to meet the strategic needs of the Company and the Students' Union Group. The Company's top key performance indicators for 2018/19 are listed below with a statement of progress against them. During 2019/20 the Company will review its overall strategic plan and how it supports the strategic objectives of the Students' Union Group.

Objective	Outcome
To achieve the overall budgeted surplus and cash position for the Union's group of companies for 2018/2019	This target was achieved and is detailed within this report.
To achieve the overall budgeted trading income position for CUSL by increasing profit and / or maximizing the benefits of the Union's CSL mitigation agreement	This target was achieved and is detailed within this report.
To agree funding and progress at least two business cases in relation to Union building improvements	This target was achieved and included the refurbishment of the Great Hall lobby for the benefit of income generating night time activities. The updated lobby will increase the building's capacity for large events.
To have created and launched a resource efficiency programme and achieved the savings identified in the 2018/19 budget	This target was achieved.
To review the long-term sustainability of our current surplus generating activities and to launch a new or renewed income-generating activity	This target was achieved and over the summer of 2019 we launched in-app ordering for the Taf pub and for delivery to all public locations and staff offices within the Union building.
To review and audit all health and safety procedures including focused development on events and entertainment safety	This target was achieved.

This report was approved by the board on 21 October 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

Jackie Yip Director

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2019.

#### Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £1,256,541 (2018 - profit £120,064).

No payment of a dividend is recommended.

#### **Directors**

The Directors who served during the year were:

Daniel Palmer
Fadhila Ali Mohammed Al Dhahouri (resigned 30 June 2019)
Amr Mustafa Alwishah (resigned 30 June 2019)
Denise Rich (resigned 3 October 2019)
Jake Robert Smith (resigned 30 June 2019)
Megan Perkins (appointed 13 September 2018, resigned 30 June 2019)
Nicholas Fox (appointed 1 July 2019)
Jayne Sadgrove (appointed 27 June 2019)
Ryan Singh (appointed 1 July 2019)
Orla Tarn (appointed 1 July 2019)
Jackie Yip (appointed 1 July 2019)

#### **Future developments**

The Company's parent Charity released its 2018-21 strategic plan during the year and have identified the development of the Union building and its activities and services as priorities for the next three years. The Company will work with its related parties to ensure that this work can be planned, funded and undertaken so that the Union building remains at the heart of the Cardiff student experience after the Centre for Student Life building has been built and connected to the existing Students' Union building.

#### **Employee involvement**

The Company acts as the employer for all staff (except Sabbatical Trustees of the Charity) working within the Students' Union Group and takes a proactive role in ensuring employee involvement in all aspects of the Company's administration. The Company holds Best Companies status and is in the 2019 Sunday Times Top 100 not-for-profit companies to work for. In July 2018 the Company achieved stage 2 Investors in Diversity status and was placed within the National Centre for Diversity top 100 index in 2019.

The Company encourages a culture of employee involvement and supports a staff representative group, the Joint Consultative Committee (JCC). The Company encourages staff to develop their own ideas to further the Company's aims and asks employees to propose their own development initiatives through the Company's balanced scorecard system 'My Strategy'.

# Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

Group directors and officers indemnity insurance is held by the parent entity up to a limit of £2m.

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## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

#### **Auditor**

The auditor, Mazars LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf by:

Jackie Yip Director

Date:

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CARDIFF UNION SERVICES LIMITED

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Cardiff Union Services Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 July 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 July 2019 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

## **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# The impact of uncertainties due to the United Kingdom exiting the European Union on our audit

The Directors' view on the impact of Brexit is disclosed on page 2.

The terms on which the United Kingdom may withdraw from the European Union are not clear, and it is therefore not currently possible to evaluate all the potential implications to the Company's trade, customers, suppliers and the wider economy.

We considered the impact of Brexit on the Company as part of our audit procedures, applying a standard firm wide approach in response to the uncertainty associated with the Company's future prospects and performance.

However, no audit should be expected to predict the unknowable factors or all possible implications for the Company and this is particularly the case in relation to Brexit.

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CARDIFF UNION SERVICES LIMITED

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
  cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
  authorised for issue.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CARDIFF UNION SERVICES LIMITED

#### **Responsibilities of Directors**

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

## Use of the audit report

This report is made solely to the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the company's members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Jonathan Marchant (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of

Mazars LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 90 Victoria Street Bristol BS1 6DP

Date:

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# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
	11010	~	~
Turnover	3	4,516,928	4,500,911
Cost of sales		(2,136,078)	(2,268,019)
Gross profit		2,380,850	2,232,892
Administrative expenses		(3,901,420)	(3,592,111)
Other operating income	4	390,000	1,683,000
Operating (loss)/profit	5	(1,130,570)	323,781
Interest receivable and similar income	9	7,532	781
Other finance income	10	(133,503)	(204,498)
(Loss)/profit before tax		(1,256,541)	120,064
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(1,256,541)	120,064

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2019 or 2018 other than those included in the statement of comprehensive income.

There was no other comprehensive income for 2019 (2018:£Nil).

The notes on pages 13 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

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# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 JULY 2019

	Note		2019 £		2018 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	12		12,004,586		12,391,669
Investments	13		71,563		71,563
			12,076,149		12,463,232
Current assets					
Stocks	14	70,786		39,936	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	15	292,591		170,510	
Cash at bank and in hand	16	1,529,705		926,281	
		1,893,082	•	1,136,727	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	17	(2,405,626)		(669,995)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(512,544)		466,732
Total assets less current liabilities			11,563,605		12,929,964
Pension liability			(4,297,886)		(4,407,704)
Net assets			7,265,719		8,522,260
Capital and reserves					
Profit and loss account	19		7,265,719		8,522,260
			7,265,719		8,522,260

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

# **Jackie Yip**

Director

The notes on pages 13 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

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# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

·	Profit and oss account	Total equity
At 1 August 2017	8,402,196	8,402,196
Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year	120,064	120,064
Total comprehensive income for the year	120,064	120,064
At 1 August 2018	8,522,260	8,522,260
Comprehensive income for the year		
Loss for the year	(1,256,541)	(1,256,541)
Total comprehensive income for the year	(1,256,541)	(1,256,541)
At 31 July 2019	7,265,719	7,265,719

The notes on pages 13 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

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#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

#### 1. General information

The Company is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 02287517. The address of its registered office is Cardiff Students Union, Park Place, Cardiff, South Glamorgan, CF10 3QN.

The principal activity of the Company is the promotion of the social and educational welfare of the students of Cardiff University by providing services and facilities to them.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The presentation currency of the Company is Sterling and the financial statements are rounded to the nearest £. The period of the current financial information is the year ended 31 July 2019 and the comparative information relates to the year ended 31 July 2018.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

#### Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;

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#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

# 2.2 Revenue (continued)

- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

# 2.3 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### 2.4 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

#### 2.5 Pensions

#### Defined contribution pension obligation

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

#### Defined benefit obligation

The Company participates in the Students' Union Superannuation Scheme, a defined benefit scheme, which is externally funded and contracted out of the State Earning Related Pension Scheme. The fund is valued at least every three years by a professionally qualified independent actuary with the rates of contributions payable being determined by the trustees on the advice of the actuary. In the intervening years, the actuary reviews the progress of the scheme. The scheme operates as a pooled arrangement, the contributions paid at a centrally agreed rate. As a consequence, no share of the underlying assets and liabilities can be directly attributed to the Company. The discounted present value of the future deficit contributions has been recognised in full.

#### 2.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

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#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

## 2.6 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

L/Term Leasehold Property - over the remaining term of the lease

Leasehold improvements - over the term of the lease

Plant & machinery - 5 - 10 years
Office equipment - 3 - 5 years
Computer equipment - 3 years

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

# 2.7 Valuation of investments

Investments in unlisted Company shares, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

Fixed asset investments comprise holdings of Welsh Rugby Union debentures and shares in NUS Services Limited. These assets are held at cost on the basis there is no readily available market value.

# 2.8 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2.9 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

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#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.11 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.12 Long term employee benefits and holiday pay accrual

Termination and redundancy payments are accounted for on an accruals basis with an expense and liability recognised when a legal or constructive obligation arises.

A liability is recognised to the extent of any unused holiday pay entitlement which is accrued at the Balance Sheet date and carried forward to future periods. This is measured at the undiscounted salary cost of the future holiday entitlement so accrued at the Balance Sheet date.

## 2.13 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance Sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

#### 2.14 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the

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#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

# 2.14 Financial instruments (continued)

difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# 3. Turnover

4.

An analysis of turnover by class of business is as follows:

2019 £	
Bars and food 2,817,284	2,905,242
Entertainment and venue 618,719	603,844
Retail 197,822	180,807
NUS Extra sales 47,785	65,044
Advertising and marketing 175,676	181,784
Letting agency 406,203	334,399
Rental income 253,439	229,791
4,516,928	4,500,911
2019 £	
United Kingdom 4,516,928	4,500,911
4,516,928	4,500,911
Other operating income	
£	
Block Grant 390,000	1,683,000

390,000

1,683,000

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

5.	Operating (loss)/profit		
	The operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:		
		2019	2018
	Depreciation	<b>£</b> 690,799	£ 683,211
	Other operating lease rentals	9,173	8,187
6.	Auditor's remuneration		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Fees payable to the Company's auditor and its associates for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements	6,950	6,750
	Fees payable to the Company's auditor and its associates in respect of:		
	All other services	9,188	9,616
		9,188	9,616
	Fees payable to the Company's auditor and its associates in connection scheme(s) in respect of:	with the Compa	ny's pension
		2019 £	2018 £
	All other services	2,320	2,280
		2,320	2,280

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

# 7. Employees

Staff costs, including Directors' remuneration, were as follows:

	2019 £	2018 £
Wages and salaries	2,232,041	2,192,547
Social security costs	154,503	145,184
Pension costs - defined contribution scheme	48,939	40,861
Apprenticeship Levy	10,447	7,529
	2,445,930	2,386,121

The average monthly number of employees, including the Directors, during the year was as follows:

2019 No.	2018 No.
85	71
167	192
252	263
	<b>No</b> . 85 167

### **Termination Benefits**

Termination benefits totalling £7,387 (2018 - £7,683) were made during the year under review.

The amount of the obligation is £Nil (2018 - £Nil). The extent of funding at the reporting date is £Nil (2018 - £Nil).

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

8. Directors' remuneration
----------------------------

	2019 £	2018 £
Directors' emoluments  Company contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	88,112 976	82,717 530
	89,088	83,247

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 1 Director (2018 - 1) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes.

#### 9. Interest receivable

	2019 £	2018 £
Other interest receivable	7,532	781
	7,532	781

# 10. Other finance costs

2019 £	2018 £
133,503	204,498
133,503	204,498
	133,503

Other finance costs relate to the accounting charge that represents the change in present value of the future deficit contributions towards the SUSS defined benefit pension scheme.

# CARDIFF UNION SERVICES LIMITED (A Company Limited by Guarantee)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

# 11. Taxation

	2019 £	2018 £
Current tax on profits for the year	(123,936)	-
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	123,936	-
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	<u> </u>	

# Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2018 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2019 £	2018 £
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(1,256,541)	120,064
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%)  Effects of:	(238,743)	22,812
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment	-	802
Fixed asset adjustments	99,861	110,359
Utilisation of tax losses	-	(6,396)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	123,936	-
Book profit on chargeable assets	-	77
Unrelieved tax losses carried forward	32,284	-
Other differences leading to an increase (decrease) in the tax charge	-	(123,936)
Pension adjustment	(17,338)	(3,718)
Total tax charge for the year		-

# CARDIFF UNION SERVICES LIMITED (A Company Limited by Guarantee)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

# 12. Tangible fixed assets

	L/Term Leasehold Property £	Leasehold improvements £	Office equipment £	Computer equipment £	Work in Progress £	Total £
Cost or valuation						
At 1 August 2018	14,000,000	35,508	1,388,792	434,851	-	15,859,151
Additions	-	41,810	89,336	22,133	150,437	303,716
At 31 July 2019	14,000,000	77,318	1,478,128	456,984	150,437	16,162,867
Depreciation						
At 1 August 2018	1,805,080	1,020	1,256,858	404,524	-	3,467,482
Charge for the year on owned assets	602,219	4,473	64,724	19,383	-	690,799
At 31 July 2019	2,407,299	5,493	1,321,582	423,907	_	4,158,281
Net book value						
At 31 July 2019	11,592,701	71,825	156,546	33,077	150,437	12,004,586
At 31 July 2018	12,194,920	34,488	131,934	30,327		12,391,669

The net book value of land and buildings may be further analysed as follows:

	2019 £	2018 £
Long leasehold	11,592,701	12,194,920
Leasehold improvements	71,825	34,488
	11,664,526	12,229,408

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

#### 13. Fixed asset investments

	asset investments £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 August 2018	71,563
At 31 July 2019	71,563

Other fixed

The market value of the investments is considered to be in excess of cost, and no provision for diminution in value is considered necessary.

# 14. Stocks

2019 £	2018 £
70,786	39,936
70,786	39,936
	70,786

Stock recognised in cost of sales during the year as an expense was £1,056,537 (2018 - £1,130,776) .

# 15. Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	219,180	117,873
Amounts owed by group undertakings	24,780	12,596
Other debtors	7,044	7,544
Prepayments and accrued income	41,587	32,497
	292,591	170,510
Other debtors	7,044 41,587	7,54 32,49

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

16.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,529,705	926,281
		1,529,705	926,281
17.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Trade creditors	438,662	87,377
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,273,163	20,777
	Other taxation and social security	131,774	121,054
	Other creditors	141,960	40,803
	Accruals and deferred income	420,067	399,984
		2,405,626	669,995
18.	Financial instruments		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Financial assets		
	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	1,529,705	71,563
	Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	250,855	1,001,877
		1,780,560	1,073,440
	Financial liabilities		
	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(2,216,980)	(540,307)

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise investments.

Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost comprise cash at bank, trade debtors, amounts owed by group companies, other debtors and accrued income.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade creditors, amounts owed to group companies, other creditors and accruals.

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

#### Reserves

#### **Profit & loss account**

The profit and loss account relates to accumulated profits and losses of the Company.

#### 20. Company status

The company is a private company limited by guarantee and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the members is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 towards the assets of the company in the event of liquidation.

#### 21. Capital commitments

At 31st July 2019, the Company had a capital commitment of £52,745 (2018 - £33,639) in respect of the re-development of the first floor lobby area which has been authorised but not provided for.

#### 22. Pension commitments

#### **Defined contribution pension scheme**

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £48,939 (2018 - £40,861). Contributions totalling £16,142 (2018 - £11,935) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and are included in creditors.

#### **Pension commitments**

The Company is a Participating Employer in the Students' Union Superannuation Scheme, which is a defined benefit scheme whose membership consists of employees of students' unions and related bodies throughout the country. Benefits in respect of service up to 30 September 2003 are accrued on a "final salary" basis, with benefits in respect of service from 1 October 2003 accruing on a Career Average Revalued Earnings (CARE) basis. With effect from 30 September 2011 the Scheme closed to future accrual.

The most recent Triannual Valuation of the Scheme was carried out as at 30 June 2016 and showed that the market value of the Scheme's assets was £101,131,000 (2013: £80,910,023) excluding AVC's and insured pensioners with these assets representing 46% (2013: 52%) of the value of benefits that have accrued to members. The deficit on an ongoing funding basis amounted to £119,700,000, (2013: £73,849,000).

The assumptions used in the valuation are as follows:

Pre- retirement discount rate
Post retirement discount rate
RPI
CPI
4.3% pa
2.3% pa
3.2% pa
2.2% pa

Pension increases in payment

Post 1997 (RPI min 3% max 5%) 3.6% pa Post 2000 (RPI max 5%) 3.1% pa

Mortality projections CMI 2015 projections with a long term rate of improvement of 1.5% pa

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

#### 22. Pension commitments (continued)

The 2016 Valuation funding shortfall recovery plan requires a monthly contribution requirement by each Participating Employer to up to 30 June 2033 increasing by 5% each year. These contributions also include an allowance for the cost of the ongoing administrative and operational expenses of running the Scheme. These rates apply with effect from 1 October 2017 and will be formally reviewed following completion of the next Valuation due with an effective date of 30 June 2019. Surpluses or deficits which arise at future valuations will also impact on Union's future contribution commitment. In addition to the above contributions, the Union also pays its share of the Scheme's levy to the Pension Protection Fund.

The total deficit contributions paid into the Scheme by Cardiff Union Services Limited in respect of eligible employees for the year ended 31 July 2019 amount to £243,321 (2018: £224,757).

At the balance sheet date the Company had commitments to pay deficit funding contributions of £20,521 per month, increasing by 5% at October 2019. This monthly payment is scheduled to increase by 5% per annum at October each year until 30 June 2033.

The Company is aware of a possible increase in the SUSS pension deficit. This will not impact the Company until a revised deficit funding contribution schedule has been agreed, which will be following the next triennial valuation of the scheme.

The actuarial valuation commenced on 30 June 2019. The results of this valuation are expected to be communicated to participating employers at the next AGM.

It is anticipated that a revised deficit plan will be implemented in October 2020 and it is likely that this will required an extension to the recovery plan period and/or increased monthly deficit payments.

#### 23. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 July 2019 the Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

2019 £	2018 £
5,633	4,953
10,198	13,621
15,831	18,574
	5,633 10,198

#### 24. Related party transactions

#### Key management personnel

During the year ended 31 July 2019 the Company's key management personnel were reimbursed expenses constituting of travel and subsistence £3,752 (2018: £3,437), accommodation £2,045 (2018: £2,225) and entertainment £Nil (2018: £60). At the year end there were no balances due to key management personnel in relation to expenses.

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

# 24. Related party transactions (continued)

# Key management compensation

	2019 £	2018 £
Salaries and other short term employee benefits	316,987	256,998
	316,987	256,998

# Related party transactions

At 31 July 2019 the company was owed £24,780 (2018: £12,596) by Cardiff Volunteering Limited.

At 31 July 2019 the company owed Cardiff University Students' Union £1,273,163 (2018: £20,777).

# 25. Controlling party

The Company's immediate controlling party is Cardiff University Students' Union, incorporated in England and Wales.